

2017

Illinois State Latin Tournament

Final Examination

Latin II

General Directions:

- Do NOT put your name on this examination.
- You will be allowed **120 minutes** for the entire examination
- You are to answer all of the questions on the following pages. Be sure to erase all unwanted marks completely.
- Write your answers on the test
- Do not open the examination until you are told to do so.

Your assigned ILT Registration Number is:

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You are currently enrolled in Latin _____

Total possible points: _____ 200 _____

EXAMINATION SCORE: _____

Part I Language

A: Vocabulary & Form: Please give the Latin word (1 point) and the requested form (1 point).

<i>Present Active (or Deponent) Infinitive</i>		<i>Requested Form</i>	
1-2. to praise	_____	3rd pl. pres., act., subj.	_____
3-4. to urge	_____	1st sing, imperf.,depon. ind.	_____
5-6. to allow,suffer	_____	perfect depon. infinitive	_____
7-8. to be unwilling	_____	2 nd pl., perf. act. subj.	_____
9-10. to be away	_____	3rd sing, pluperfect indic pass	_____
11-12. to defend	_____	3rd plural, pluperfect act. subj.	_____

<i>Nominative Singular</i>		<i>Requested form</i>	
13-14. bridge	_____	dat. pl.	_____
15-16. head	_____	acc. sing.	_____
17-18. soldier	_____	gen. pl.	_____
19-20. thing/matter	_____	abl. sing.	_____
21-22. habit/custom	_____	gen sing.	_____
23-24. year	_____	dat. sing.	_____
25-26. motion	_____	nom. pl.	_____
27-28. burden	_____	abl. pl .	_____

<i>Nominative Singular Masculine</i>		<i>Requested form</i>	
29-30. short	_____	superlative adverb	_____
31-32. tall, deep	_____	adj. comparative gen pl masc.	_____
33-34. fickle/light	_____	comparative adverb	_____
35-36. neither, none	_____	positive dative sing fem	_____

Give the requested principal part

37. 2nd principal part <u>morior</u>	_____	39. 4 th principal part <u>fero</u>	_____
38. 3rd principal part <u>cado</u>	_____	40. 3rd principal part <u>quaero</u>	_____

B: Translation (English to Latin)

Translate into Latin each underlined word as it would be translated in the sentence (1 point each)

We will say that her life was long.

41. will say _____

43. was _____

42. her _____

44. long _____

The good men sent the boys to find the Greeks lost on the island.

45. boys _____

47. Greeks _____

46. to find _____

48. on the island _____

“May I carry so many gifts without difficulty!” thought the youth.

49. May I carry _____

51. difficulty _____

50. so many _____

52. youth _____

Does he know that you, yourself, did write that book about the gods?

53. Does he know _____

55. did write _____

54. yourself _____

56. that _____

“I, the pirate’s son, ought to walk the dog!” was said by no one.

57. I _____

59. ought _____

58. son _____

60. dog _____

If Helena had walked around Rome for two days, we would have seen her yesterday.

61. had walked _____

63. we would have seen _____

62. for two days _____

64. yesterday _____

Did the army walk five miles so that it may conquer the wicked town.

65. army _____

67. it may conquer _____

66. five miles _____

68. town _____

I am asking how the soldiers, having been defeated, will find the path home?

69. having been defeated _____

70. home _____

Part II Derivatives

71-82. Give the Latin word and its English meaning.

1 point for each word and 1 point for each meaning

	Latin word	English meaning (of the Latin Word)
71-72. impede	_____	_____
73-74. fracture	_____	_____
75-76. moratorium	_____	_____
77-78. hortatory	_____	_____
79-80. vertigo	_____	_____
81-82. rustic	_____	_____

Use the word bank for the definitions of 83-90

Not all words are defined.

1 point each

provident	ventricose	farinaceous
prefatory	comity	sagacious
obduracy	exiguous	deposition
punitive	obduracy	scutal
vernal	pendulous	placate
sanguine	transgression	integral

83. _____ appropriate to spring

84. _____ scanty, inadequate

85. _____ to please

86. _____ shrewd, acute

87. _____ offense, infaction

88. _____ introductory

89. _____ declaration

90. _____ swollen, distended

Part III

Mythology/History/Literature/Roman Life

1 point each

Mythology

- 91. the father of Dioynsus
- 92. wife of Orpheus
- 93. Jason's quest was for what item
- 94. killed the Calydonian boar
- 95. slayer of the Minotaur
- 96. the island of Odysseus
- 97. goddess associated with black magic
- 98. the Fate who cut a man's life thread

Roman History

- 99. Hannibal's father, general of the 1st Punic War
- 100. battle from which 'Pyrrhic victory' was coined
- 101. victor at the battle of the Milvian Bridge
- 102. fierce Gallic leader defeated at Alesia 52 b.c.
- 103. name of the great Roman sewer
- 104. general given the title "Africanus"
- 105. emperor who renamed Byzantium in 324 a.d.
- 106. 2nd city buried with Pompeii under Mt. Vesuvius' eruption

Latin Literature

- 107. author of *Geographia*
- 108. playwright who penned *Andria*
- 109. wrote *Gestae Romanorum*
- 110. poet of the *Odes*, the *Epodes* and the *Satires*
- 111. author and most prominent Roman medical authority
- 112. described his uncle's heroic acts during Mt. Vesuvius' eruption
- 113. worked as architect and wrote *De Architectura*
- 114. the stoic emperor who wrote *Meditations*

Roman Private Life & Customs

- 115. term for freeing a slave
- 116. ceremonial child equivalent to a ring-bearer
- 117. the term for a water basin in Roman homes
- 118. the hot sauna room in the Roman baths
- 119. Latin phrase *ab ovo ad mala* referred to
- 120. At what time was the meal *prandium* eaten?

Caesar - de Bello Gallico 5.27. 1-6

*Gaius Arpineius et Quintus Iunius talk with Ambiorix about his loyalty to Caesar
and about an attack against a Roman camp done earlier that week*

Legati, Gaius Arpineius et Quintus Iunius, mittebantur ad Ambiorigem colloquendi causā. Gaius erat *eques* Romanus et Quintus Iunius, qui ante ab Caesare ad Ambiorigem miserat, ex Hispaniā erat. His viris Ambiorix locutus est; se *pro* Caesaris *beneficiis* felicem esse, nam Caesaris operā, liberatus erat *stipendio*, quod pendere debuerat Aduatucis, *finitimis* suis quodque et suus filius et fratris filius ab iussu Caesaris remissi essent ex Aduatucis; oppugnationem castrorum non fecisse nec iudicio suo sed voluntate civitatis; hanc fuisse oppugnationis causam, quod civitas repentinae Gallorum coniurationi resistere non potuerit.Sed esse Galliae commune consilium: omnibus hibernis Caesaris oppugnandis hunc esse dictum diem, ne qua legio alterae legioni subsidio venire posset. Non facile Gallos Gallis negare potuisse, praesertim cum de recuperanda communi libertate consilium initum videretur.

eques - knight

finitimus – neighbor

coniuratio - confederacy, conspiracy

stipendium - tribute, tax

oppugnatio - attack

repentinus-a-um - sudden

121. Which envoy sent by Caesar had already met Ambiorix? _____

What 3 things made Ambiorix's happy about Caesar's kindness towards him?

122. _____

123. _____

124. _____

125. Whom does Ambiorix state as responsible for the attack? _____

126. What plan had the Gauls agreed upon?

127. Why did the Gauls view this as potentially successful?

What 3 reasons did Ambiorix offer for his inability to deter his own people from joining the attack?

128. _____

129. _____

130. _____

Catullus - *Carmen* 76 13-26

Catullus struggles over a failed relationship

Difficile est longum subito deponere amorem,
difficile est, verum hoc qualubet efficias:
una salus haec est, hoc est tibi pervincendum,
hoc facias, sive id non pote sive pote.
O di, si vestrum est misereri, aut si quibus umquam
extremam iam ipsa in morte tulistis opem,
me miserum aspicate et, si vitam puriter egi,
eripite hanc pestem perniciemque mihi,
quae mihi subrepens imos ut torpor in artus
expulit ex omni pectore laetitas.
Non iam illud quaero, contra me ut diligat illa,
aut, quod non potis est, esse pudica velit:
ipse valere opto et taetrum hunc deponere morbum.
O di, redite mi hoc pro pietate mea.

qualubet - any way, by any road
perniciēs - curse, disaster, ruin
laetitia – happiness
taeter - foul, offensive

misereor misereri to pity +gen
torpor - numbness
pudica - caste, virtuous

131. When must Catullus end this relationship? _____

132. Does he think he will be able? _____

133. Whom does he hope will help? _____

134. What does he hope they can give him? _____

135. Why does Catullus hope they will? _____

136. What has gained control of him? _____

137. What has it taken from him? _____

What 2 things does Catullus no longer hope for?

138. _____

139. _____

140. What does Catullus wish the gods to return to him?

Part V Translation

Part V Translation

60 points

Caesar singles out two Gallic tribes for their superiority in battle.

Horum omnium fortissimi sunt Belgae, propterea quod a cultu atque humanitate provinciae longissime absunt, minimeque ad eos mercatores saepe commeant atque ea quae ad effeminandos animos pertinent important, proximique sunt Germanis, qui trans Rhenum incolunt, quibuscum continenter bellum gerunt. Qua de causa Helvetii quoque reliquos Gallos virtute praecedunt, quod fere quotidianis proeliis cum Germanis contendunt, cum aut suis finibus eos prohibent aut ipsi in eorum finibus bellum gerunt.

Commeo, -āre, -āvī, -āturus (+ ad + acc) *to reach*

ad effiminandos animos *to remove the fighting spirit*

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal blue ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Pliny, *Epistulae* VI. 16

Illic, there (at the villa) fax, facis, f. torch ecquid iam mare admitteret whether the sea would now
allow any (escape) abiectus, -a, -um thrown out, spread out praenuntius, -a, -um announcing in advance
Crassiore...obstructo with his breathing blocked by rather thick ashes aestuans hot, inflamed
Defunctus, -a, -um dead

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