

2014

Illinois State Latin Tournament

Qualifying Examination

Latin II

General Directions:

- Do NOT put your name on this examination.
- You will be allowed 90 minutes for the entire examination
- You are to answer all of the questions on the following pages
Be sure to erase all unwanted marks completely.
- Write your answers on the test
- Do not open the examination until you are told to do so.

Your assigned ILT Registration Number is _____

You are currently enrolled in what level of Latin _____

Total possible points _____ 200 _____

EXAMINATION SCORE _____

Part I Language

A: Vocabulary & Form: Please give the Latin word (1 point) and the requested form (1 point)

<i>Present Active Infinitive</i>	<i>Requested Form</i>
1. to remain _____	singular present act imp. _____
2. to guard _____	1st pl. present act subj. _____
3. to increase _____	3rd pl. future pass ind. _____
4. to touch _____	present pass infinitive _____
5. to press _____	perf pass part. masc nom sing _____
6. to follow _____	3rd sing imperfect ind. _____

<i>Nominative Singular</i>	<i>Requested form</i>
7. eagle _____	acc. pl. _____
8. servant _____	voc. sing. _____
9. king _____	nom pl _____
10. field _____	gen pl _____
11. heart _____	gen sing _____
12. hand _____	abl sing _____
13. sky _____	abl pl _____
14. hope _____	dat sing _____

<i>Nominative Singular Masculine</i>	<i>Requested form</i>
15. friendly _____	adj positive fem nom pl _____
16. long _____	adj superlative neuter acc pl _____
17. strong _____	positive adverb _____
18. bad _____	comparative adverb _____

Give the requested principal part

19. 2nd principal part <u>pello</u> _____	21. perfect participle <u>moveo</u> _____
20. 3rd principal part <u>credo</u> _____	22. perfect participle <u>loquor</u> _____

B: Translation (English to Latin)

Translate into Latin each underlined word as it would be translated in the sentence (1 point each)

In Spain there are many cities and few rivers.

27. Germania _____

29. cities _____

28. there are _____

30. rivers _____

Marcus and Cornelius, listen to your father!

31. Marcus _____

33. listen _____

32. Cornelius _____

34. father _____

The old farmers were working in the fields the whole day

35. old _____

37. were working _____

36. farmers _____

38. the whole day _____

Caesar ordered the soldiers to fight with the Germans

39. ordered _____

41. to fight _____

40. soldiers _____

42. Germans _____

The enemy sees the Romans placing/pitching camp in the forest

43. enemy _____

45. Romans _____

44. sees _____

46. placing _____

The travelor came to Rome to see the forum and very tall temples

47. to Rome _____

49. very tall _____

48. forum _____

50. temples _____

Let them walk, let her run, may you sleep, and may I remain

51. let them walk _____

53. May you sleep _____

52. let her run _____

54. May I remain _____

The sun will rise tomorrow!

55. Sun _____

56. will rise _____

Part II Derivatives

57-62 give the Latin word and its English meaning 1 point for each word and 1 point for each meaning

	Latin word	English meaning (of the Latin Word)
57. audacious	_____	_____
58. capture	_____	_____
59. direct	_____	_____
60. elocution	_____	_____
61. sequence	_____	_____
62. portal	_____	_____

Use the word bank for the definitions of 63-70 Not all words are defined. 1 point each

Detriment	Atrocity	Arboreal
Genitive	Imbibe	Jovial
Auriferous	Docile	Lunatic
Effulgence	Acrimony	Advent
Brevity	Concilliate	Conjugal
Elude	Bilateral	Edify

63. _____ to build up or strengthen
64. _____ pertaining to marriage or martial rights
65. _____ great cruelty or reckless wickedness
66. _____ containing gold
67. _____ the coming or arrival of any important change, event, or personage
68. _____ two sided
69. _____ sharpness of bitterness of speech or temper
70. _____ pertaining to trees

Part III

Mythology/History/Literature/Roman Life

1 point each

Mythology

- 71. the Roman goddess of love and beauty
- 72. the Greek god of wine
- 73. the Roman god of thieves and trade
- 74. the Greek goddess of the hunt and the moon
- 75. faithful wife of Odysseus
- 76. leader of Greeks during Trojan War
- 77. king of Troy during the Trojan War
- 78. killed his father and married his mother
- 79. son Aegeus who escaped from the labyrinth
- 80. turned into laurel tree after being chased by Apollo

Roman History

- 81. year of the traditional founding of Rome
- 82. first king of Rome
- 83. year of Caesar's assassination
- 84. the region of Europe Caesar 'invaded' in 58 BC in order to pacify it
- 85. the Greek general, victorious at Asculum and Beneventum
- 86. sons of Cornelia, important figures in land reform in Rome
- 87. last of Julio-Claudian emperors
- 88. emperor with a column commemorating his victories over Dacia
- 89. built the first permanent theater in Rome in 55 BC
- 90. last emperor of Rome

Latin Literature

- 91. author of *De Bello Gallico*
- 92. author of *Metamorphoses*

Roman Private Life & Customs

- 93. room of Roman house that served as master's study
- 94. political office in charge of public finance
- 95. smallest division of Roman army
- 96. term for law courts
- 97. Roman marketplace and center of civic life
- 98. item of clothing which symbolized Roman citizenship
- 99. site in Rome used for Chariot racing
- 100. term for Roman baths

*Petronius Arbiter—Chapter 27-Trimalchio's Dinner Party from the Satyricon**Our intrepid 'heroes' spy an odd sight at the home of Trimalchio*

Nos interim vestiti errare coepimus, immo iocari magis et circulis accedere, cum subito videmus senem calvum, tunica vestitum russea, inter pueros capillatos ludentem pila. Nec tam pueri nos, quamquam erat operae pretium, ad spectaculum duxerant, quam ipse pater familiae, qui soleatus pila prasina exercebatur. Nec amplius eam repetebat quae terram contigerat, sed follem plenum habebat servus sufficebatque ludentibus. Notavimus etiam res novas: nam duo spadones in diversa parte circuli stabant, quorum alter matellam tenebat argenteam, alter numerabat pilas, non quidem eas quae inter manus lusu expellente vibrabant, sed eas quae in terram decidebant.

Spado, spadonis, m. eunuch

101. Why did our heroes begin to wander?

102. What did they approach?

103. How is the old man described?

104. What was he doing?

105. The boys are described as having what?

106. The old man was exercising with what?

107. What was the old man *not* doing?

108. What was one of the eunuchs holding?

109. Which balls did they *not* pick up?

110. Which ones do they pick up?

Seneca, Moral Letters LXXXIII

Seneca describes the effects of wine on Mark Antony

M. Antōnium, magnum nōbilemque virum, quae alia
rēs perdidit et in externōs morēs ac vitia nōn Rōmāna
addūxit quam ēbrietās et Cleopatrae amor, quī nōn
minor quam amor vīnī erat? Haec illum rēs hostem reī
pūblīcae fēcīt; haec hostibus suīs imparem reddidit;
haec crūdēlem fēcīt. Nam capita prīncipum cīvītātis eī
cēnantī allāta sunt et inter convivial magnifica et
regalia prōscrīptōrum ōra ac manus agnōvit et vino gravis
sitiēbat tamen sanguinem.

111. How is Marc Antony described?

112. What two things ruined him?

113. Into what was he led?

114. Into what else was he led?

115. Name one effect this had on him:

116. Name a second effect this had on him:

117. Name a third effect this had on him:

118. What was brought to him while he dined?

119. Where did he identify the heads and hands of the proscribed?

120. What did he thirst for while drunk?

Part V

Translation

60 Points Total

Who will put the bell on the cat? 30 points

Mures inierunt consilium quomodo se a cattō defendere possent et quaedam sapientior quam ceterae ait: “Ligētur *campana* in collō catti. Sic poterimus eum eiusque *insidiās* vitāre.” Placuit omnibus hoc consilium, sed alia mus “Quis igitur,” inquit, “est inter nos tam audax ut campanam in collō catti ligāre audeat?” Respondit una mus: “Certe non ego.” Respondit alia: “Certe non ego audeo pro toto mundō cattō ipsi appropinquāre.” Et idem ceterae dixerunt.

Sic saepe homines, cum quendam amovendum esse arbitrantur et contra eum insurgere volunt, inter sē dicunt: “Quis apponet se contra eum? Quis accusābit eum? Tum omnēs, sibi timentēs dicunt: “Non ego certē! Nec ego! Sic illum vivere patiuntur.

Campana- bell

Insidiae- treachery

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal blue or grey ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Claudius Invades Britain

30 points

Claudius, spē *divitiarum* atque gloriae adductus, Britanniam, centum iam annos ā Romanīs neglectam, in potestatem suam bellō *redigere* constituit. Itaque quattuor legionēs per Galliam in insulam misit, atque ipse brevī tempore mare transiit, adfuitque dum Camulodunum, oppidum totius Britanniae validissimum, oppugnatur. Deinde sextō decimō post adventum diē omnibus *copiīs* A. Plautiō commissīs Romam rediit.

Plautius omnēs inferiorēs insulae partēs facillime pacāvit; et intra decem annos Romanī usque ad Trisantonam Sabrinamque fluviōs imperium suum constituerant. Hāc Britanniae parte in formam provinciae redactā, nonnullōs regēs qui ab eīs in fidem acceptī erant regna sua administrāre *sinebant*.

Divitia - *ae f. riches*
Copiis - *troops*

Redigo- reduce to a province
Sino- allow

[illegible]